

If the govt promotes leisure boating, India would become the No 1 tourist destination

Most policymakers associate boating with luxury or fishing boats. Leisure boating has yet to catch the popular imagination. More importantly, even the government does not realise how important this sector could be in terms of money, employment, even security. It was to discuss these aspects that **DNA** decided to bring together some of the leaders of the leisure boating industry – Jayendra Kachalia, treasurer, Indian Marine Federation (IMF), and director of Navnit Marine, Riyhad Kundanmal, member, executive committee. IMF, and director marketing for Ocean Crest Marine, Aashim Mongia, member, ex $ecutive\ committee,\ IMF\ and$ managing director of West Coast Marine Yacht Services. and Sudhir Palkar, manager, IMF. They expressed their views on the huge opportunities that could be exploited as this sector grows. *Excerpts* from the conversation.

DNA: Most people see leisure boats as a past-time for the rich. How do you see it? Kachalia: The leisure boating

sector is at a very nascent state, but it is gaining momentum. Some holidavmakers are using small ferry boats for short round trips at the sea or river, people are buying boats to use or even hiring private yachts for a few days.

Unfortunately, one reason this sector hasn't taken off is because unlike fishing and shipping boats, there are no clear government policies for leisure boats. Consequently, neither the ferry association nor the leisure boating sector is recognised as an industry by the government or banks.

DNA: When somebody buys a boat, what rules does he register his boat under?



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Mongia: In Maharashtra, he registers with the Maharashtra Marine Board (MMB) Each state has its own marine board, but somebody wanting to buy a boat will find there are no regulations for pleasure class vessels, no regulations for sailing boats. Like any other fishing boat or ship, there are specifications such as how many pumps and fire extinguishers the boat must have, even if the sailing boat is a small one. So one registers the boat as a sailing vessel and agrees to comply with regula-

From the time they come in till they leave, yachts spend a month on the coastline. They pay a fee for this, which means big revenue for the govt. Besides, every time a yacht goes to another port it pays a fee

Sudhir Palkar manager, IMF

tions meant for fishing boats. and then goes about getting exemptions for one stipulation or the other. We, as promoters and suppliers of such boats, help him with these

DNA: How many leisure boats do you have registered in Mumbai?

comes a member.

Kachalia: There are 287 members — that is because this is the number registered with the Yacht Club, where every or more? boat owner automatically be-Kachalia: Goa is not the same

as in Mumbai. In Mumbai you have 287 boats that are be-DNA: 287 is a decent number tween 18 feet to 150 feet. In Goa. to start with. And how many the primary market is beboats would there be in Goa? tween 18 and less than 40 feet. The dominant market is for 20-30 feet boats in Goa.

> there in Goa. Curious, just to get an idea Kachalia: About 100.

DNA: How many boats are

DNA: if you take the western coast. How many boats do vou have? The largest centre would be Mumbai. Goa, Cochin .. Mongia: Just around 50-60

boats in Cochin, about the same size as those in Goa.

DNA: I believe Ilmaii Chowgule, the chairman of your Federation, is

asking for at least one ma-

rina in Mumbai. If Cochin.

with 50 boats, can have a

marina, and Goa, with 100

have two.

a marina?

Mumbai could do with a few more marinas. If the government begins to appreciate what we are talking about, and if it looks at the potential, Mumbai alone could have four to five marinas

Aashim Mongia executive committee member, IMF

boats, can have two, why not Mumbai with 287 boats?

Mongia: The Maharashtra Maritime Board has put out an expression of interest to build a marina, not only in Mumbai

weekends if you have the facility to do it.

DNA: Where is the problem then?

Mongia: Currently we don't have any facilities. We don't have the infrastructure. And there appears to be nothing anyone can do about this. But if you have the infrastructure and facilities, there are enough locations on the waterfront to promote all you want. The potential of the market is huge, considering we have so many cars and the fact that the boat doesn't cost much more than a car.

Kachalia: Aashim is right. the first time infrastructure is We have to create awareness. So when you have this infrabeing created, and the first structure being developed on seven out of 15-20 marinas the coast from Mumbai to could come up soon. But with Cochin, it could tempt many the number of scams that people to opt for leisure boatkeep happening, there are ing. Today, many people are interested but because of the regulatory challenges involved, they are not opting for it. They are satisfying themselves by going to Phuket or Pataya and doing leisure boating there. But if the same facilities were available here. they would use them more and enjoy themselves fremarinas in Maharashtra and quently. Kundanmal: Just a minute. I

DNA: What do you think is preventing the growth of this industry?

Kachalia: There's neglect. We need a collective think-tank who will work for the industry. This body needs to have people who understand boating, understand the perils of the sea. Boating can do a lot for the economy. Will it can create jobs? Yes. Will it give you an incentive to connect? Yes. Will it save time on transportation? Yes. Will it reduce the green house effect? Mongia: If one promotes the

ocean, and marinas and boats, India could become the number one tourist destination. The world has a floating population of 5,000 mega yachts el in and around the world. The size of these mega yachts could start from 24 meters and go up to 100 meters and above. That is 5,000 boats travelling around the world with an average asset value of around \$3 million. Do the math and you will know that if there were proper destinations where they could dock and refuel, India would benefit from excellent tourism. Not to mention the tremendous benefits from jobs in servicing boats, selling boats, training yachtsmen, restaurant staff and transporters. From the time they walk in till they leave.

they spend a month's time on

the coast. The amount of rev-

enue earned would be im-

Palkar: Besides, for every

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vacht goes to another port has

to pay a fee, so the government

earns more revenue.

concerns I think the

have happened

irregularity.

arrival.

taken.

DNA: One of the serious

How do we handle that?

government has is security.

Kundanmal: If you had mari-

nas in place 26/11 might not

Kachalia: Because you don't

have an industry, rules and

regulations, the security

problem will exist. Long

stretches of lonely beaches

pose more of a threat than

one vibrant with tourism and

industry. More boats will en-

able financing of security at

each port. You will have more

information, more people

watching an outsider or an

Mongia: If you have a well-

manned marina, nobody

would have broken through

your barrier because every

boat that left the marina

would have to then give a re-

port saying I am leaving for

my destination which is X,

and by what time I am expect-

ed to get there. That destina-

tion also confirms my time of

Kachalia: The point from

where terrorists came in has

already been pinpointed as a

good location for a marina,

several times during the past

15 years. But no action was

mense.

Security is a problem when there's no industry. Empty beaches pose a bigger threat than one filled with tourists. More boats will help fund security at ports, there will be more information about outsiders

Jayendra Kachalia treasurer, IMF

DNA: Would it be fair to compare the security of a place like UK where you have marinas and the navy docked at the same ports? Kachalia: The reason UK can



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planning to set up a Rs200 but all over the west coast of crore marina at Goa. Will Maharashtra. It has requested this be India's first? interested people to bid for lo-Kachalia: There is already cations suitable for building one in Cochin, and Goa will marinas. Applications were meant to come in by September 24. so I presume they will think DNA: So will Mumbai have over it and come out with a tender. That will set into process Kachalia: We have been the building of many more

DNA: How many marinas do vou expect to come up in Maharashtra?

on the western coast.

Kundanmal: I would expect a marina every 40 miles. Because when you talk about leisure boating, you talk about a 3-4 hour boat ride. after which you dock at a marina, have lunch, enjov yourself and then return to your home docking station. Since Mumbai to Goa is around 220 miles. and if you divide this by 40, you could expect a minimum of 8 marinas to come up, depending on feasibility reports.

DNA: So, you believe eight marinas will come up between Mumbai and Goa Mongia: Mumbai could do with a few more marinas. If the government begins to appreciate what we are talking about, and if it looks at the potential, Mumbai alone could have four to five marinas.

DNA: So, you are talking about eight plus five, that is 13 marinas. What about Gujarat, which has the largest coastline among all states?

Kachalia: Yes, many more marinas could come up in Guiarat as well. It is, after all, one of the most progressive states in the country.

DNA: Is leisure boating a premium market?

Kundanmal: No. It's not a premium market. If you look at an 18-foot sail boat, you can buy it for Rs4-5 lakhs. It's like buying an I-10 car. So why wouldn't you want to buy a boat and do



am going to be the pessimist out here, not because I like being one, but because I am be-

ing realistic. We do not have a leisure boating industry. When I say leisure, I am pointing to government policies which assume people don't

Mumbai to Alibaug (very back. This is sad considering India has a 7,500-km coastline. That should make governments give more priority to

Mongia: Despite having a 7,500 km coastline Kundanmal: We have a vast coastline, but no infrastructure. We have not connected ports or cities by boats. Why say boats are a high-end market? Boats should be the primary means of transport if you want to decongest roads. Instead of potholes, you have port holes. This is the big dif-

ference. We are saying, get into the water transportation business. Get out of driving. Use your boat for leisure only when you have infrastructure. Unfortunately, we don't have that. I am glad to hear that for

fears that if today you have this clearance, tomorrow the fishery or environment department will [nullify] it. When is Mumbai's first marina going to come up? Yes, there's talk, there's speculation. But till people don't come together and push for something, this will not happen. This can be done by the press or the media. Ultimately the pen is mightier than the

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Riyhad Kundanmal

executive committee

member, IMF

roads. Instead of

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government. DNA: Does this mean you are sceptical about this business

growing? Kundanmal: I am disillusioned that even though we have a huge waterfront we do not have a decent marina [in Mumbai]. And a 30-boat marina is not a decent marina. When you have car pools for 100 cars or more, why not for boats? Here we have a coastline, which can connect coastal cities, thus reducing pressure on arterial roads. Please remember this is a necessity. If you don't have destinations, you cannot develop a leisure industry.

Mongia: There is a difference between commercial and leisure boating. We have to register ourselves as commercial boats in the absence of a policy for leisure boats. Now, even if you are registered as a commercial boat, if you want to go from Mumbai to Goa on a leisure trip, you might want to stop every 30-40 miles, anchor there, and go swimming. But today, I cannot do that. According to the law, a commercial vessel goes from point A to point B. There is no provision which allows it to stop mid-ocean. But, that is an essential part of leisure boating. We need laws that define what we can do and what we cannot. so, there has to be a do this is because they have the maritime coast-guard agency or the MCA. The MCA has a code of conduct which governs the safety and security of marinas and navy ships They have leisure and commercial boats above 24 meters and boats below 24 meters There is a clear demarcation and there are guidelines that govern everything, so you have four categories - leisure and commercial, above 24 me tres and less than 24 metres.

DNA: That's correct. Till the waters don't have a responsible population floating on them, the shores will remain insecure,

Mongia: This is the best time to develop security in the water as we don't have many boats. Creating regulation af ter many marinas are formed will complicate matters. You have to regulate boats when it is becoming a growing industry. The government has a chance to start now.

DNA: What potential does this industry have?

Mongia: It could become the next detroit in boats. We could become the world's biggest players in this industry.

DNA: Can you put this in terms of money?

Mongia: Let me put it in another way. The US market for leisure boating is estimated at \$4 billion today, even during recession.

Kundanmal: The UK market was worth 3 billion pounds in 2007. The recession could have pushed down the figure a bit. In fact, in 1994, when I was set ting up my company, I had offers from people who wanted me to settle down in Dubai. Since then, Dubai has gone up from 1 marina to 27 marinas And each marina is sold out Look at south-east Asia and China, and see how the government is allowing India to be left behind.

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leisure boating.

use boats for recreation but for transport. Then we don't have destinations. Yes, you can go from

close to Mumbai). But where are the other destinations? Goa is too far. Leisure boating makes sense when you can go to a destination, have dinner, drinks, a lovely time and come