# GOVERNMENT OF INDIA <br> MINISTRY OF ELECTRONICS AND INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY <br> LOK SABHA <br> UNSTARRED QUESTION NO. 5519 <br> TO BE ANSWERED ON 5.4.2023 

## AADHAAR OF DECEASED PERSONS

## 5519. ADV. ADOOR PRAKASH:

Will the Minister of ELECTRONICS AND INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY be pleased to state:
(a) whether there is any provision to deactivate Aadhaar of deceased person;
(b) if so, the details thereof and if not the reasons therefor;
(c) whether the Unique Identification Authority of India (UIDAI) has considered deactivation of Aadhaar of the deceased while issuing death certificate;
(d) if so, the details thereof and the time by which this provision will be implemented;
(e) the details of the percentage of population holding Aadhaar presently State/UT-wise; and
(f) whether the Government has any plan to use Aadhaar data for census and if so, the details thereof?

## ANSWER <br> MINISTER OF STATE FOR ELECTRONICS AND INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY (SHRI RAJEEV CHANDRASEKHAR)

(a): No, Sir.
(b): At present, there is no mechanism to receive the Aadhaar number of deceased persons from the Registrars appointed by State Governments under the provisions of the Registration of Births and Deaths Act, 1969 for the registration of births and deaths, to deactivate Aadhaar.
(c) and (d): Registrars appointed by State Governments under the said Act register births and deaths in their respective local areas. The Unique Identification Authority of India has apprised that the Registrar General of India had sought the Authority's suggestions on draft amendments to the Registration of Births and Deaths Act, 1969, regarding the capturing of the Aadhaar number of a deceased person while issuing the death certificate, for subsequent sharing of the Aadhaar number by the Registrar with the Authority for deactivation of Aadhaar.
(e): The Unique Identification Authority of India provides digital identity (Aadhaar) and digital authentication services in respect of all residents of India. The Authority has informed that, as on 28.2.2023, more than 136 crore Aadhaar numbers have been issued by it and that, after adjusting for the estimated number of deaths, the estimated number of living Aadhaar number holders is 130.2 crore, which is over $94 \%$ of the total projected population for 2022. The State- and Union-territorywise details of the same are at Annex.
(f): The Office of the Registrar General and Census Commissioner of India has informed that there is no plan to use Aadhaar data for census.

Details of the estimated number of living Aadhaar number holders
(as on 28.2.2023)

| $\begin{array}{\|l} \text { Sl. } \\ \text { No. } \end{array}$ | State / Union territory | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Population } \\ & \text { (projected for } \\ & \text { 2022) } \end{aligned}$ | Aadhaar assigned (live) | Saturation percentage (live) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Andaman and Nicobar Islands | 4,02,000 | 3,89,814 | 96.97\% |
| 2 | Andhra Pradesh | 5,29,72,000 | 5,20,22,693 | 98.21\% |
| 3 | Arunachal Pradesh | 15,48,000 | 12,43,448 | 80.33\% |
| 4 | Assam | 3,53,78,000 | 3,07,00,745 | 86.78\% |
| 5 | Bihar | 12,49,19,000 | 10,93,04,466 | 87.50\% |
| 6 | Chandigarh | 12,19,000 | 11,65,303 | 95.59\% |
| 7 | Chhattisgarh | 2,98,36,000 | 2,82,91,224 | 94.82\% |
| 8 | Dadra and Nagar Haveli and Daman and Diu | 6,44,174 | 6,03,173 | 93.64\% |
| 9 | Delhi | 2,09,65,000 | 2,27,80,450 | 108.66\% |
| 10 | Goa | 15,67,000 | 16,26,423 | 103.79\% |
| 11 | Gujarat | 7,06,48,000 | 6,55,39,544 | 92.77\% |
| 12 | Haryana | 2,98,46,000 | 3,02,11,454 | 101.22\% |
| 13 | Himachal Pradesh | 74,31,000 | 77,73,590 | 104.61\% |
| 14 | Jammu Kashmir | 1,35,05,000 | 1,17,39,277 | 86.93\% |
| 15 | Jharkhand | 3,89,69,000 | 3,59,40,602 | 92.23\% |
| 16 | Karnataka | 6,72,68,000 | 6,48,93,395 | 96.47\% |
| 17 | Kerala | 3,56,33,000 | 3,74,37,115 | 105.06\% |
| 18 | Ladakh | 2,99,000 | 2,40,182 | 80.33\% |
| 19 | Lakshadweep | 68,000 | 74,013 | 108.84\% |
| 20 | Madhya Pradesh | 8,55,48,000 | 7,80,18,912 | 91.20\% |
| 21 | Maharashtra | 12,54,11,000 | 11,89,91,428 | 94.88\% |
| 22 | Manipur | 31,94,000 | 26,49,224 | 82.94\% |
| 23 | Meghalaya | 33,18,000 | 23,02,923 | 69.41\% |
| 24 | Mizoram | 12,27,000 | 11,94,716 | 97.37\% |
| 25 | Nagaland | 22,13,000 | 13,62,624 | 61.57\% |
| 26 | Odisha | 4,41,62,000 | 4,41,31,247 | 99.93\% |
| 27 | Puducherry | 13,62,786 | 12,95,499 | 95.06\% |
| 28 | Punjab | 3,05,35,000 | 3,13,17,377 | 102.56\% |
| 29 | Rajasthan | 8,01,53,000 | 7,53,62,692 | 94.02\% |
| 30 | Sikkim | 6,83,000 | 5,77,440 | 84.54\% |
| 31 | Tamil Nadu | 7,66,31,000 | 7,43,94,675 | 97.08\% |
| 32 | Telangana | 3,79,07,000 | 3,85,80,185 | 101.78\% |
| 33 | Tripura | 41,09,000 | 38,29,261 | 93.19\% |
| 34 | Uttar Pradesh | 23,32,97,000 | 21,80,89,797 | 93.48\% |
| 35 | Uttarakhand | 1,15,18,000 | 1,16,15,914 | 100.85\% |
| 36 | West Bengal | 9,86,04,000 | 9,63,34,739 | 97.70\% |
|  | Total | 1,37,29,89,959 | 1,30,20,25,563 | 94.83\% |

Source: Unique Identification Authority of India

